KOLHAN UNIVERSITY, CHAIBASA JHARKHAND



Revised Curriculum and Credit Frame Work for SEM - II As per FYUGP, NEP-2020 (U.G. Botany- 2022 Onwards)

UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY KOLHAN UNIVERSITY, CHAIBASA WEST SINGHBHUM, JHARKHAND – 83320

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University Deptt. of Botany Kolhan University Chaibasa

UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY Kolhan University, Chaibasa Four-Year Under Graduate Programme (FYUGP)

As per Provisions of NEP-2020 to be implemented from Academic Year 2022-23

COMPOSITIONS OF BOARD OF STUDIES

Dr. Krishna Pyare
 Head, University Deptt. of Botany
 Kolhan University, Chaibasa

8 mm 03/06/2023

- 2. Dr. Salomy Kujur
 Assistant Professor
 University Deptt. of Botany
 Jamshedpur Women's University, JSR
- 3. Mrs. Pushpa Salo Linda
 Assistant Professor
 Department of Botany
 Jamshedpur Worker's College, JSR

63.06.23

- 4. Dr. Vishnu Shankar Sinha
 Assistant Professor
 Department of Botany
 Tata College, Chaibasa
- 5. Dr. Dara Singh Gupta
 Assistant Professor
 University Deptt. of Botany
 Kolhan University, Chaibasa

28/m/h/2?

(Dr. Krishna Pyare)

Chairman & HeadHead

University Dept Collaboration of Botany
Kolhan University Chaibasa

Kolhan University, Chaibasa

SEMESTER-II Paper Title – Minor Paper – 2 (MN-2A) CREDIT-04 [THEORY- 03 + PRACTICAL- 01] Ethnobotany

Course outcomes :---

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Conceptualize ethnobotany as an interdisciplinary science
- 2. Restate the established methodology of ethnobotany studies
- 3. Categories various indigenous ethnic groups and their environmental practices.

4. Understand the legalities associated with ethnobotany.

Full Mark - 60

Time: - 3 Hrs

Unit I: Ethnobotany

12 lectures

Introduction, concept, scope and objectives; Ethnobotany as an interdisciplinary science. The relevance of ethnobotany in the present context; Major and minor ethnic groups or Tribals of India, and their life styles. Plants used by the tribals: a) Food plants b) intoxicants and beverages c) Resins and oils and miscellaneous uses.

Unit II: Methodology of Ethnobotanical Studies

10 lectures

- a) Field work
- b) Herbarium
- c) Ancient Literature
- d) Archaeological findings
- e) temples and sacred places.

Unit III: Role of Ethnobotany in Modern Medicine

15 lectures

Medico-ethnobotanical sources in India; Significance of the following plants in ethno botanical practices (along with their habitat and morphology).

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- a) Azadiractha indica
- b) Ocimum sanctum
- c) Vitex negundo.
- d)- Gloriosa superba
- e) Pongamia pinnata
- f) Cassia auriculata
- g) Adhatoda vasica

Unit IV: Ethnobotany and Legal Aspects

8 lectures

Ethnobotany as a tool to protect interests of ethnic groups. Sharing of wealth concept with few examples from India. Biopiracy, Intellectual Property Rights and Traditional Knowledge.

Sessional Internal Assessment (SIA) Full Marks -15 Marks

A –Internal Written Examination – 10 Marks (1 Hrs.)

B - Overall performance including regularity - 05 Marks

Suggested Readings :-

- 1. Jain, S.K. (1995). Manual of Ethnobotany, Scientific Publishers, Jodhpur.
- 2. Jain, S.K. (1981). Glimpses of Indian. Ethnobotany, Oxford and I B H, New Delhi.
- 3. Jain, S.K. (1989). Methods and approaches in ethnobotany. Society of ethnobotanists, Lucknow, India.
- 4. Jain, S.K. (1990). Contributions of Indian ethnobotny. Scientific publishers, Jodhpur.
- 5. Colton, C.M. (1997). Ethnobotany Principles and applications. John Wiley and sons.
- · 6. Rama, R, N and Henry, A.N. (1996). The Ethnobotany of Eastern Ghats in Andhra Pradesh, India. Botanical Survey of India. Howrah.
- 7. Sinha, R. K. (1996). Ethnobotany; The Renaissance of Traditional Herbal Medicine -INA -SHREE Publishers, Jaipur.
- 8. Faulks, P.J. (1958). An introduction to Ethnobotany, Moredale pub. Ltd.

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University Deptt.

Jharkhan

Semester - II Paper Title - Botany Practical - MN-2A Lab Credits - 01

Full Marks - 25

Pass Marks - 10

Practical

- 1. Visit to the field and botanical garden in the nearby area and attempt to identify the plants
- 2. Attempt be made to grow the ethnobotanical plants
- 3. Visit the villages and rural areas to consult some senior people to discuss the traditional medicines being used since ages.
- 4. Prepare a list of plants that provide parts for traditional uses and construct a chart or checklist in terms of botanical significance, chemical constituent, medicinal use, and major industries available in India and the world; Economical-value strength.

Experiments – 15 Marks Viva Voice - 05 Mark Practical Records - 05 Marks

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